CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SENATE BILL 6266

Chapter 265, Laws of 2002

57th Legislature 2002 Regular Session

CREDITOR/DEBTOR PERSONAL PROPERTY EXEMPTIONS

EFFECTIVE DATE: 6/13/02

Passed by the Senate February 11, 2002 YEAS 48 NAYS 1

BRAD OWEN

President of the Senate

Passed by the House March 7, 2002 YEAS 93 NAYS 0

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved March 29, 2002

CERTIFICATE

I, Tony M. Cook, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SENATE BILL 6266** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

TONY M. COOK

Secretary

FILED

March 29, 2002 - 4:00 p.m.

GARY LOCKE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

SENATE BILL 6266

Passed Legislature - 2002 Regular Session

State of Washington 57th Legislature 2002 Regular Session

By Senators Johnson and Kline

Read first time 01/14/2002. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

1 AN ACT Relating to updating creditor/debtor personal property 2 exemptions; and amending RCW 6.15.010, 6.15.050, and 6.27.160.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 6.15.010 and 1991 c 112 s 1 are each amended to read 5 as follows:

Except as provided in RCW 6.15.050, the following personal property
shall be exempt from execution, attachment, and garnishment:

8 (1) All wearing apparel of every individual and family, but not to 9 exceed one thousand dollars in value in furs, jewelry, and personal 10 ornaments for any individual.

(2) All private libraries of every individual, but not to exceed fifteen hundred dollars in value, and all family pictures and keepsakes.

14 (3) To each individual or, as to community property of spouses
15 maintaining a single household as against a creditor of the community,
16 to the community:

(a) The individual's or community's household goods, appliances,
furniture, and home and yard equipment, not to exceed two thousand
seven hundred dollars in value <u>for the individual or five thousand four</u>

1 <u>hundred dollars for the community</u>, said amount to include provisions
2 and fuel for the comfortable maintenance of the individual or
3 community;

(b) Other personal property, except personal earnings as provided
under RCW 6.15.050(1), not to exceed ((one)) two thousand dollars in
value, of which not more than ((one)) two hundred dollars in value may
consist of cash, and of which not more than ((one)) two hundred dollars
in value may consist of bank accounts, savings and loan accounts,
stocks, bonds, or other securities; ((and))

10 (c) ((Two)) For an individual, a motor ((vehicles)) vehicle used 11 for personal transportation, not to exceed two thousand five hundred 12 dollars ((in aggregate value)) or for a community two motor vehicles 13 used for personal transportation, not to exceed five thousand dollars 14 in aggregate value;

(d) Any past due, current, or future child support paid or owed to
 the debtor, which can be traced;

(e) All professionally prescribed health aids for the debtor or a
 dependent of the debtor; and

19 (f) To any individual, the right to or proceeds of a payment not to exceed sixteen thousand one hundred fifty dollars on account of 20 personal bodily injury, not including pain and suffering or 21 compensation for actual pecuniary loss, of the debtor or an individual 22 of whom the debtor is a dependent; or the right to or proceeds of a 23 24 payment in compensation of loss of future earnings of the debtor or an 25 individual of whom the debtor is or was a dependent, to the extent 26 reasonably necessary for the support of the debtor and any dependent of the debtor. The exemption under this subsection (3)(f) does not apply 27 to the right of the state of Washington, or any agent or assignee of 28 29 the state, as a lienholder or subrogee under RCW 43.20B.060.

30 (4) To each qualified individual, one of the following exemptions: 31 (a) To a farmer, farm trucks, farm stock, farm tools, farm 32 equipment, supplies and seed, not to exceed five thousand dollars in 33 value;

(b) To a physician, surgeon, attorney, clergyman, or other
professional person, the individual's library, office furniture, office
equipment and supplies, not to exceed five thousand dollars in value;
(c) To any other individual, the tools and instruments and
materials used to carry on his or her trade for the support of himself
or herself or family, not to exceed five thousand dollars in value.

For purposes of this section, "value" means the reasonable market value of the debtor's interest in an article or item at the time it is selected for exemption, exclusive of all liens and encumbrances thereon.

5 **Sec. 2.** RCW 6.15.050 and 1987 c 442 s 305 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

7 (1) Wages, salary, or other compensation regularly paid for 8 personal services rendered by the debtor claiming the exemption shall 9 not be claimed as exempt under RCW 6.15.010, but the same may be 10 claimed as exempt in any bankruptcy or insolvency proceeding to the 11 same extent as allowed under the statutes relating to garnishments.

(2) No property may be exempt under RCW 6.15.010 from execution,
attachment, or garnishment issued upon a judgment for all or any part
of the purchase price of the property.

(3) No property may be exempt under RCW 6.15.010 from legal process
issued upon a judgment for restitution ordered by a court to be paid
for the benefit of a victim of a criminal act.

18 (4) No property may be exempt under RCW 6.15.010 from legal process
 19 issued upon a judgment for any tax levied upon such property.

20 (((4))) (5) Nothing in this chapter shall be so construed as to 21 prevent a debtor from creating a security interest in personal property 22 which might be claimed as exempt, or the enforcement of such security 23 interest against the property.

(((5))) (6) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to exempt personal property of a nonresident of this state or of an individual who has left or is about to leave this state with the intention to defraud his or her creditors.

(((6))) <u>(7)</u> Personal property exemptions are waived by failure to claim them prior to sale of exemptible property under execution or, in a garnishment proceeding, within the time specified in RCW 6.27.160.

(((7))) (8) Personal property exemptions may not be claimed by one spouse in a bankruptcy case that is not a joint case or a joint administration of the estate with the bankruptcy estate of the other spouse where (a) bankruptcy is filed by both spouses within a six-month period, and (b) one spouse exempts property from property of the estate under the bankruptcy exemption provisions of 11 U.S.C. Sec. 522(d).

37 (9) No property may be exempt under RCW 6.15.010 from execution,
 38 levy, attachment, or garnishment issued by or on behalf of a child

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1 <u>support agency operating under Title IV-D of the federal social</u> 2 <u>security act or by or on behalf of any agent or assignee of the child</u> 3 <u>support agency.</u>

4 **Sec. 3.** RCW 6.27.160 and 1988 c 231 s 28 are each amended to read 5 as follows:

(1) A defendant may claim exemptions from garnishment in the manner 6 7 specified by the statute that creates the exemption or by delivering to or mailing by first class mail to the clerk of the court out of which 8 9 the writ was issued a declaration in substantially the following form or in the form set forth in RCW 6.27.140 and mailing a copy of the form 10 by first class mail to the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney at the 11 12 address shown on the writ of garnishment, all not later than twentyeight days after the date stated on the writ except that the time shall 13 14 be extended to allow a declaration mailed or delivered to the clerk 15 within twenty-one days after service of the writ on the garnishee if service on the garnishee is delayed more than seven days after the date 16 of the writ. 17

18 [NAME OF COURT] 19 No. 20 Plaintiff 21 Defendant 22 23 CLAIM OF EXEMPTION 24 25 Garnishee I/We claim the following described property or money as exempt from 26 27 execution: 28 29 30 31 I/We believe the property is exempt because: 32 33 34

1		
2 34	Print name	Print name of spouse, if married
5		
6	Signature	Signature
7		Signature
8		
9	Address	Address
10		
11		
12		
13	Telephone number	Telephone number
14		
15		

16 (2) A plaintiff who wishes to object to an exemption claim must, not later than seven days after receipt of the claim, cause to be 17 delivered or mailed to the defendant by first class mail, to the 18 address shown on the exemption claim, a declaration by self, attorney, 19 or agent, alleging the facts on which the objection is based, together 20 21 with notice of date, time, and place of a hearing on the objection, which hearing the plaintiff must cause to be noted for a hearing date 22 23 not later than fourteen days after the receipt of the claim. After a 24 hearing on an objection to an exemption claim, the court shall award 25 costs to the prevailing party and may also award an attorney's fee to 26 the prevailing party if the court concludes that the exemption claim or 27 the objection to the claim was not made in good faith. The defendant 28 bears the burden of proving any claimed exemption, including the 29 obligation to provide sufficient documentation to identify the source and amount of any claimed exempt funds. 30

31 (3) If the plaintiff elects not to object to the claim of exemption, the plaintiff shall, not later than ten days after receipt 32 of the claim, obtain from the court and deliver to the garnishee an 33 order directing the garnishee to release such part of the debt, 34 35 property, or effects as is covered by the exemption claim. If the 36 plaintiff fails to obtain and deliver the order as required or otherwise to effect release of the exempt funds or property, the 37 shall be entitled to recover fifty dollars from the 38 defendant

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- 1 plaintiff, in addition to actual damages suffered by the defendant from
- 2 the failure to release the exempt property.

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